

# **Data Protection Policy**

This policy applies to King's College Prep School and King's College Taunton

Policy Date: September 2024

# Responsibility

**Individual:** Director of Finance and Operations

Review Cycle: (Annual - or in line with updates to ISBA Data Protection Policy)

Next scheduled review: September 2025

Last interim review: September 2024



### **THIS POLICY**

This policy applies to King's Schools Taunton Ltd (King's College, Taunton and King's College Prep School, together "the School").

It has been agreed that King's Schools will adopt the ISBA Data Protection Policy for Schools going forward, and the following policy has been adapted to reflect the School's needs.

Updates will be applied in line with ISBA revisions, or wherever the School deems it necessary to align with other policies or changes.

This policy should be read in conjunction with the School Privacy Policy (Policy Number 79).



### 1. Background

Data protection is an important legal compliance issue for the School. During the course of the School's activities it collects, stores and processes personal data (sometimes sensitive in nature) about staff, pupils, their parents, its contractors and other third parties (in a manner more fully detailed in the School's Privacy Policy). The School, as "data controller", is liable for the actions of its staff, and trustees/director/governors in how they handle data. It is therefore an area where all staff have a part to play in ensuring we comply with and are mindful of our legal obligations, whether that personal data handling is sensitive or routine.

UK data protection law consists primarily of the UK version of the General Data Protection Regulation (the "UK GDPR") and the Data Protection Act 2018 ("DPA 2018"). The DPA 2018 includes specific provisions of relevance to independent schools: in particular, in the context of our safeguarding obligations, and regarding the right of access to personal data.

Data protection law has in recent years strengthened the rights of individuals and placed tougher compliance obligations on organisations including schools that handle personal information. The Information Commissioner's Office ("ICO") is responsible for enforcing data protection law in the UK, and will typically look into individuals' complaints routinely and without cost, and has various powers to take action for breaches of the law.

#### 2. Definitions

Key data protection terms used in this data protection policy are:

- [Data] Controller a person or body that determines the purpose and means of the processing of personal data, and who is legally responsible for how it is used. For example, the School (including by its trustees/directors/governors) is a controller. An independent contractor who makes their own such decisions is also, separately, likely to be a controller.
- [Data] Processor an organisation that processes personal data on behalf of a controller, for example a payroll or IT provider or other supplier of services with whom personal data may be shared but who is not authorised to make any decisions about how it is used.
- **Personal data breach** a breach of security leading to the accidental or unlawful destruction, loss, alteration, unauthorised disclosure of, or access to, personal data.
- **Personal information (or 'personal data'):** any information relating to a living individual (a data subject) by which that individual may be identified by the controller. That is not simply a name but any form of identifier, digital or contextual, including unique ID numbers, initials, job titles or nicknames. Note that personal information will be created almost constantly in the ordinary course of work duties (such as in emails, notes of calls, and minutes of meetings). The definition includes expressions of opinion about the individual or any indication of the School's, or any person's, intentions towards that individual.
- Processing virtually anything done with personal data, including obtaining or collecting it, structuring it, analysing it, storing it, sharing it internally or with third parties (including making it available to be viewed electronically or otherwise), altering it or deleting it.



Special categories of personal data – data relating to racial or ethnic origin, political
opinions, religious or philosophical beliefs, trade union membership, health and
medical conditions, sex life or sexual orientation, genetic or biometric data used to
identify an individual. There are also separate rules for the processing of personal data
relating to criminal convictions and offences.

### 3. Application of this policy

This policy sets out the School's expectations and procedures with respect to processing any personal data we collect from data subjects (including parents, pupils, employees, contractors and third parties).

Those who handle personal data as employees or trustees/directors/governors of the School are obliged to comply with this policy when doing so. For employees, breaches of this policy may result in disciplinary action. Accidental breaches of the law or this policy in handling personal data will happen from time to time, for example by human error, and will not always be treated as a disciplinary issue. However, failure to report breaches that pose significant risks to the School or individuals will be considered a serious matter.

In addition, this policy represents the standard of compliance expected of those who handle the School's personal data as contractors, whether they are acting as 'processors' on the School's behalf (in which case they will be subject to binding contractual terms) or as 'controllers' responsible for handling such personal data in their own right.

Where the School shares personal data with third party controllers – which may range from other schools, to parents and appropriate authorities – each party will need a lawful basis to process that personal data, and will be expected to do so lawfully and with due regard to security and confidentiality, as set out in this policy.

If you are a volunteer or contractor, you will be a data controller in your own right, but the same legal regime and best practice standards set out in this policy will apply to you by law.

#### 4. Person responsible for Data Protection at the School

In accordance with the Data Protection Act 1998 ('the Act'), the School has notified the Information Commissioner's Office of its processing activities. The School's ICO registration number is Z8845194 and its registered address is 20 Holway Avenue, Taunton, TA1 3AR.

The School has appointed the Director of Finance and Operations as the Data Protection contact for the School who will endeavour to ensure that all personal data is processed in compliance with this policy and the principles of applicable data protection legislation. Any questions about the operation of this policy or any concerns that the policy has not been followed should be referred in the first instance to the Director of Finance and Operations.



#### 5. The Principles

The UK GDPR sets out six principles relating to the processing of personal data which must be adhered to by controllers (and processors). These require that personal data must be:

- 1. Processed lawfully, fairly and in a transparent manner;
- Collected for specific and explicit purposes and only for the purposes it was collected for;
- 3. Relevant and limited to what is necessary for the purposes it is processed;
- 4. Accurate and kept up to date;
- 5. **Kept for no longer than is necessary** for the purposes for which it is processed; and
- 6. Processed in a manner that ensures appropriate security of the personal data.

The UK GDPR's broader 'accountability' principle also requires that the School not only processes personal data in a fair and legal manner but that we are also able to *demonstrate* that our processing is lawful. This involves, among other things:

- keeping records of our data processing activities, including by way of logs and policies;
- documenting significant decisions and assessments about how we use personal data (including via formal risk assessment documents called Data Protection Impact Assessments ("DPIA")); and
- generally having an 'audit trail' vis-à-vis data protection and privacy matters, including
  for example when and how our Privacy Notice(s) were updated; when staff training was
  undertaken; how and when any data protection consents were collected from
  individuals; how personal data breaches were dealt with, whether or not reported (and
  to whom), etc.

The School will endeavour to ensure that all personal data held in relation to an individual is as up to date and accurate as possible and will take appropriate technical and organisational steps to ensure the security of personal data about individuals.

### 6. Lawful grounds for data processing

Under the UK GDPR there are several different lawful grounds for processing personal data. One of these is consent. However, given the relatively high bar of what constitutes consent under GDPR (and the fact that it can be withdrawn by the data subject) it is considered preferable for the School to rely on another lawful ground where possible.

One of these alternative grounds is 'legitimate interests', which is the most flexible basis for processing. However, it does require transparency and a balancing assessment between the rights of the individual and the interests of the School. It can be challenged by data subjects and also means the School is taking on extra responsibility for considering and protecting people's rights and interests. The School's legitimate interests are set out in its Privacy Notice, as the UKGDPR requires.



Other lawful grounds include:

- compliance with a legal obligation, including in connection with employment, engagement of services and diversity;
- contractual necessity, e.g. to perform a contract with staff or parents, or the engagement of contractors;
- a narrower set of grounds for processing special categories of personal data (such as health information), which includes explicit consent, emergencies, and specific public interest grounds.

#### 7. Headline responsibilities of all staff

#### **Record-keeping**

It is important that personal data held by the School is accurate, fair and adequate. Staff are required to inform the School if they believe that *any* personal data is inaccurate or untrue or if you are dissatisfied with how it is recorded. This applies to how staff record their own data, and the personal data of others – in particular colleagues, pupils and their parents – in a way that is professional and appropriate.

Staff should be aware of the rights set out below, whereby any individuals about whom they record information on School business (notably in emails and notes) digitally or in hard copy files may have the right to see that information. This absolutely must not discourage staff from making necessary and sometimes difficult records of incidents or conversations involving colleagues or pupils and parents, in accordance with the School's other policies, and grounds may sometimes exist to withhold these from such requests. However, the starting position for staff is to record every document or email in a form they would be prepared to stand by should the person about whom it was recorded ask to see it.

#### **Data handling**

All staff have a responsibility to handle the personal data which they come into contact with fairly, lawfully, responsibly and securely and in accordance with the staff handbook and all relevant School policies and procedures (to the extent applicable to them). In particular, there are data protection implications across a number of areas of the School's wider responsibilities such as safeguarding and IT security, so all staff should read and comply with the following policies:

- Child Protection and Safeguarding Policy
- CCTV Policy
- Confidentiality Policy
- Online Safety Policy
- Privacy Policy
- Record Keeping Policies
- Staff Handbook

Responsible processing also extends to the creation and generation of new personal data / records, as above, which should always be done fairly, lawfully, responsibly and securely.



### Avoiding, mitigating and reporting data breaches

One of the key obligations contained in the UK GDPR is on reporting personal data breaches. Controllers must report certain types of personal data breach (those which risk an impact to individuals) to the ICO within 72 hours.

In addition, controllers must notify individuals affected if the breach is likely to result in a "high risk" to their rights and freedoms. In any event, the School must keep a record of any personal data breaches, regardless of whether we need to notify the ICO. If staff become aware of a personal data breach they must notify the Director of Finance and Operations. If staff are in any doubt as to whether to report something internally, it is always best to do so. A personal data breach may be serious, or it may be minor; and it may involve fault or not; but the School always needs to know about them to make a decision.

As stated above, the School may not need to treat the incident itself as a disciplinary matter – but a failure to report could result in significant exposure for the School, and for those affected, and could be a serious disciplinary matter whether under this policy or the applicable staff member's contract.

### Care and data security

More generally, we require all School staff (and expect all our contractors) to remain mindful of the data protection principles (see section 3 above), and to use their best efforts to comply with those principles whenever they process personal information. Data security is not simply an online or digital issue but one that effects daily processes: filing and sending correspondence, notably hard copy documents. Data handlers should always consider what they most assured and secure means of delivery is, and what the consequences would be of loss or unauthorised access.

We expect all those with management / leadership responsibilities to be particular champions of these principles and to oversee the swift reporting of any concerns about how personal information is used by the School to the Director of Finance and Operations, and to identity the need for (and implement) regular staff training. Staff must attend any training we require them to.

### Use of third party platforms / suppliers

As noted above, where a third party is processing personal data on the School's behalf it is likely to be a data 'processor', and this engagement must be subject to appropriate due diligence and contractual arrangements (as required by the UK GDPR). It may also be necessary to complete a DPIA before proceeding – particularly if the platform or software involves any sort of novel or high risk form of processing (including any use of artificial intelligence ("AI") technology). Any request to engage a third party supplier should be referred to the Director of Finance and Operations in the first instance, and at as early a stage as possible.



#### Types of personal data processed by the school

The School may process a wide range of personal data about individuals including current, past and prospective pupils and their parents as part of its operation, including by way of example:

- names, addresses, telephone numbers, e-mail addresses and other contact details;
- car details (about those who use our car parking facilities);
- bank details and other financial information, e.g. about parents who pay fees to the School;
- past, present and prospective pupils' academic, disciplinary, admissions and attendance records (including information about any special needs), and examination scripts and marks;
- as appropriate, information about individuals' health and contact details for their next of kin:
- references given or received by the School about pupils, and information provided by previous educational establishments and/or other professionals or organisations working with pupils;
- images of pupils (and occasionally other individuals) engaging in School activities, and images captured by the School's CCTV system (in accordance with the School's policy on creation and use of digital and other images of current pupils);

Generally, the School receives personal data from the individual directly (or, in the case of pupils, from parents). However, in some cases personal data may be supplied by third parties (for example another School, or other professionals or authorities working with that individual), or collected from publicly available resources.

The School may, from time to time, need to process "sensitive personal data" regarding individuals. Sensitive personal data includes information about an individual's physical or mental health, race or ethnic origin, political or religious beliefs, sex life, trade union membership or criminal records and proceedings. Sensitive personal data is entitled to special protection under the Act, and will only be processed by the School with the explicit consent of the appropriate individual, or as otherwise permitted by the Act.

### Use of personal data by the school

The School will use (and where appropriate share with third parties) personal data about individuals for a number of purposes as part of its operations, including as follows:

- For the purposes of pupil selection and to confirm the identity of prospective pupils and their parents;
- To provide education services (including SEN), career services, and extra-curricular
  activities to pupils; monitoring pupils' progress and educational needs; and maintaining
  relationships with alumni and the School community;
- For the purposes of management planning and forecasting, research and statistical analysis, and to enable the relevant authorities to monitor the School's performance;
- To give and receive information and references about past, current and prospective pupils, including relating to outstanding fees or payment history, to/from any educational institution that the pupil attended or where it is proposed they attend; and to provide references to potential employers of past pupils;
- To enable pupils to take part in national or other assessments, and to publish the results
  of public examinations or other achievements of pupils of the School;



- To safeguard pupils' welfare and provide appropriate pastoral (and where necessary, medical) care, and to take appropriate action in the event of an emergency or accident, including by disclosing details of an individual's medical condition where it is in the individual's interests to do so, for example for medical advice, insurance purposes or to organisers of School trips;
- To monitor (as appropriate) use of the School's IT and communications systems in accordance with the School's IT acceptable use policy, policy on pupils' use of ICT, mobile phones and other electronic devices and the online safety policy;
- To make use of photographic images of pupils in publications, on the website and (where appropriate) on social media channels of both the School and its partner schools overseas, in accordance with the School's policy on creation and use of digital and other images of current pupils;
- For security purposes, and for regulatory and legal purposes (for example child protection and health and safety) and to comply with its legal obligations; and
- Where otherwise reasonably necessary for the School's purposes, including to obtain appropriate professional advice and insurance for the School.

### 8. Rights of Individuals

In addition to the School's responsibilities when processing personal data, individuals have certain specific rights, perhaps most significantly that of access to their personal data held by a controller (i.e. the School). This is known as the 'subject access right' (or the right to make 'subject access requests'). Such a request must be dealt with promptly and does not need any formality, nor to refer to the correct legislation. If you become aware of a subject access request (or indeed any communication from an individual about their personal data), you must tell the Director of Finance and Operations as soon as possible.

Individuals also have legal rights to:

- require us to correct the personal data we hold about them if it is inaccurate;
- request that we erase their personal data (in certain circumstances);
- request that we restrict our data processing activities (in certain circumstances);
- receive from us the personal data we hold about them for the purpose of transmitting it in a commonly used format to another data controller; and
- object, on grounds relating to their particular situation, to any of our particular processing activities where the individual feels this has a disproportionate impact on them.

None of the above rights for individuals are unqualified and exceptions may well apply. However, certain rights are absolute and must be respected, specifically the right to:

- object to automated individual decision-making, including profiling (i.e. where a significant decision is made about the individual without human intervention);
- object to direct marketing; and
- withdraw one's consent where we are relying on it for processing their personal data (without affecting the lawfulness of processing carried out prior to that point in reliance on consent, or of any processing carried out on some other legal basis other than consent).

In any event, however, if you receive a request from an individual who is purporting to exercise one or more of their data protection rights, you must tell the Director of Finance and Operations as soon as possible.

Date of policy: Updated October 2023

Date of review: TBC



# **Data Protection Policy for Schools**

### 9. Data Security: online and digital

The School must ensure that appropriate security measures are taken against unlawful or unauthorised processing of personal data, and against the accidental loss of, or damage to, personal data. Details can be found in the following sections of the Staff Handbook:

- 33. IT Acceptable Use Policy
- 34. Social Media Policy
- 35. Telephone and Mobiles



#### **SUMMARY / POLICY STATEMENT**

It is in everyone's interests to get data protection right and to think carefully about data protection issues: this means handling all personal information with which you come into contact fairly, lawfully, securely and responsibly.

A good rule of thumb here is to ask yourself questions such as:

- Would I be happy if my own personal information were being used (for example, shared with a third party) in the way I am proposing? Would I expect it?
- Would I wish to stand by how I have recorded this information in an email or official record if the person concerned was able to see it?
- What would be the consequences of my losing or misdirecting this personal data?

Data protection law is therefore best seen not as oppressive red tape, or a reason not to do something necessary or important, but a code of useful and sensible checks and balances to improve how we handle and record personal information and manage our relationships with people. This is an important part of the School's culture and all its staff and representatives need to be mindful of it.